



**Date: 8/28/25**

*This weekly report from the New York State Department of Health presents summaries of select ongoing and emerging infectious disease outbreaks of interest to public health professionals and the public, both globally and in the United States. The Global Health Update summaries include preliminary and up-to-date data that are publicly available for these events at the time of posting. Because this report aggregates and summarizes data and information from outside sources, the quality, accuracy or completeness of that data, and the appropriateness of the methodology used, cannot be guaranteed. Please refer directly to those sources for any data questions. Because the report includes preliminary information, subsequent reports may contain updates or revisions to information in prior reports.*

## Contents

Chikungunya.....	1
Measles.....	3
Mpox.....	6
New World Screwworm.....	8
Pertussis.....	9
Polio.....	10
Other Outbreaks, News, and Events (2025).....	11

## Chikungunya

### Europe – Updated Data on Outbreaks in France and Italy:

According to data from [Public Health France](#), as of August 26, there have been a total of 228 locally acquired chikungunya cases reported during 2025. Since the previous update, 72 additional locally acquired cases were reported. According to data from the [Higher Institute of Health in Italy](#) extracted on August 26, there have been a total of 63 locally acquired chikungunya cases reported during 2025. Since the previous update, 34 additional locally acquired cases were reported.

Chikungunya Cases and Deaths by Country, Europe, 2025							
Country	Locally Acquired Cases		Travel Associated Cases		Deaths		
	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
France	228	+72	946	+14	0	+0	0.0%
Italy	63	+34	39	+2	0	+0	0.0%

*Table Notes: Data for France as of August 26, 2025; Data for Italy extracted on August 28, 2025.*

Cases have been reported in 7 regions of France, primarily Provence-Alpes-Côte d’Azur (108), Nouvelle-Aquitaine (41), and Occitanie (37). There have been a total of 30 episodes of local transmission (clusters), 23 of which are still active. Cases have been reported in 2 regions of Italy, Emilia-Romagna (56) and Veneto (7). There have been a total of 4 episodes of local transmission, all of which are still active.

Additional Information:

- According to the [European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control \(ECDC\)](#), Europe is experiencing longer and more intense transmission seasons for mosquito-borne diseases, including chikungunya, primarily driven by climactic and environmental factors.
- As of August 10, 2025, a total of [54,545 confirmed chikungunya cases](#) have been reported from the French overseas department of Réunion.
- The New York State Department of Health recently issued a [Health Advisory](#) regarding chikungunya.

Chikungunya Cases by Region, France and Italy, 2025

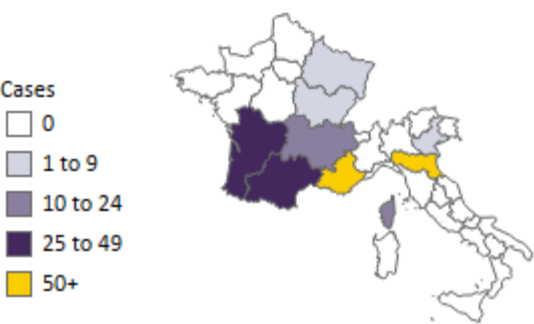


Figure Notes: Data for France as of August 26, 2025; Data for Italy extracted on August 26, 2025.

Sources: [SPF \(08/27/25\)](#), [ISS \(08/28/25\)](#)

China – Weekly Locally Acquired Case Numbers Continue to Decline:

According to data from the [Guangdong Provincial Center for Disease Control and Prevention \(GPCDC\)](#), as of August 23, there have been a total of 10,269 locally acquired chikungunya cases reported in Guangdong Province during 2025. During the week of August 17 – 23, 2025, there were 336 additional locally acquired cases reported (a 59.5% decrease compared to the prior week).

Chikungunya Cases and Deaths, China, 2025						
Cases		Severe Cases		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
10,269	+336	0	+0	0	+0	0.0%

Table Notes: Data as of August 23, 2025, and includes locally acquired cases only.

Chikungunya Cases by City, Guangdong Province, China, August 17-23, 2025

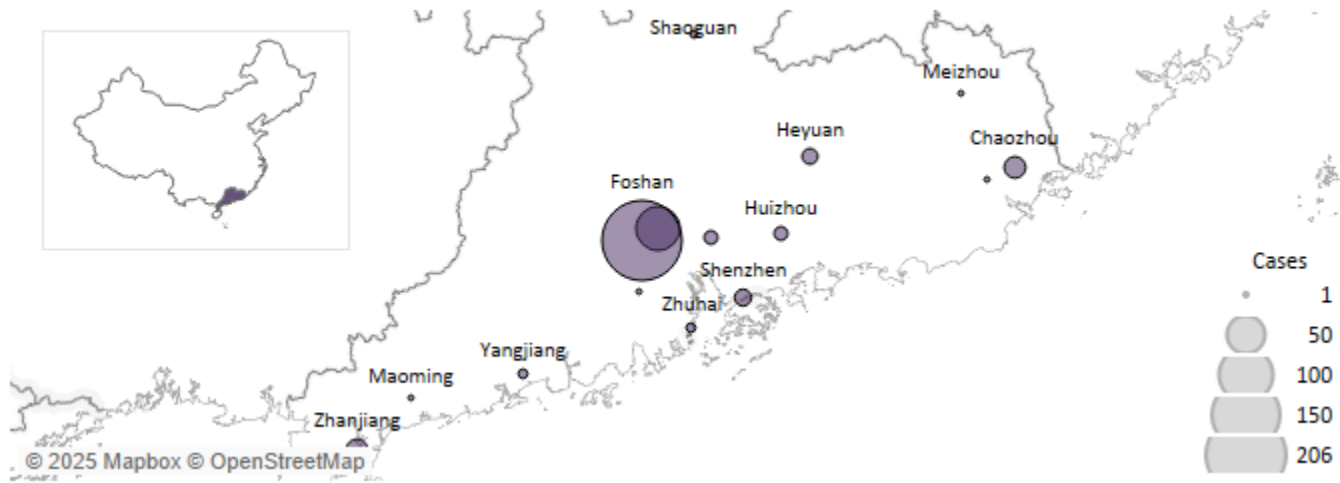


Figure Notes: Data as of August 23, 2025, and includes locally acquired cases only.

Since July 20, 2025, locally acquired cases have been reported by 20 prefecture-level cities in Guangdong Province, primarily [Foshan](#) (75.1% of cases), followed by Guangzhou (3.3%), and Zhanjiang (0.7%). According to data from GPCDC, weekly reported case totals have decreased for 4 consecutive weeks and health officials have stated that the epidemic situation is generally stable.

**Additional Information:**

- The CDC currently has a [Level 2 – Practice Enhanced Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding chikungunya in China, specifically in Guangdong Province and Foshan city.
- The New York State Department of Health recently issued a [Health Advisory](#) regarding chikungunya.

Sources: [GPCDC \(1\) \(07/27/25\)](#), [GPCDC \(2\) \(08/03/25\)](#), [GPCDC \(3\) \(08/10/25\)](#), [GPCDC \(4\) \(08/17/25\)](#)

**The Americas – Updated Data on Cases Reported during 2025:**

According to data from the [Pan American Health Organization \(PAHO\)](#) extracted on August 26, there have been a total of 218,805 suspected chikungunya cases, of which 94,939 are confirmed, and 110 deaths reported in the Americas during 2025. Since the previous update, 3,326 additional suspected cases, of which 1,793 are confirmed, and 3 deaths were reported.

Chikungunya Cases and Deaths, Americas, 2025						
Suspected Cases		Confirmed Cases		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
218,805	+3,326	94,939	+1,793	110	+3	0.1%

Table Notes: Data extracted on August 26, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; \*CFR calculated among confirmed cases.

Suspected cases have been reported by 14 countries, primarily Brazil (210,711), Bolivia (5,159), and Argentina (2,656). Those countries also have the highest cumulative incidence rates, at 99.01, 41.01, and 5.79 per 100,000 residents, respectively. There were 431,417 suspected cases, of which 232,586 were confirmed, and 245 deaths (CFR: 0.1%) reported in the Americas during 2024.

**Additional Information:**

- PAHO recently published an [Epidemiological Alert](#) regarding chikungunya in the Americas.
- The CDC currently has a [Level 2 – Practice Enhanced Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding chikungunya in Bolivia, specifically in the Department of Santa Cruz.
- The New York State Department of Health recently issued a [Health Advisory](#) regarding chikungunya.
- According to [CDC data](#) as of August 26, there have been a total of 56 travel associated cases chikungunya cases reported among US travelers during 2025.

Source: [PAHO \(08/26/25\)](#)

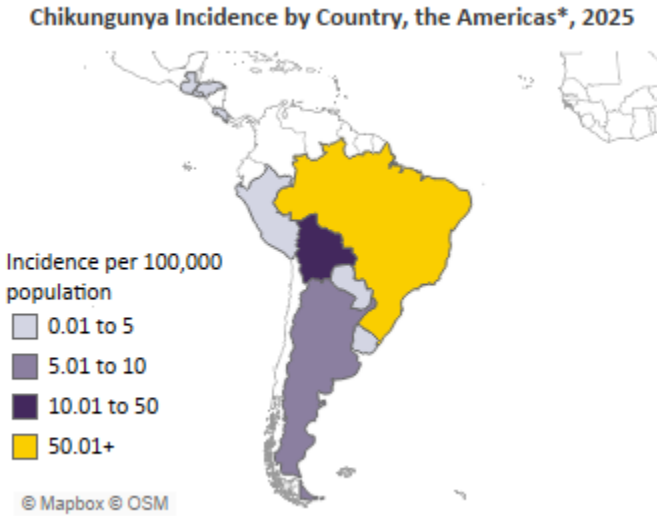


Figure Notes: Data extracted on August 26, 2025; \*Excluding the United States (all cases travel associated).

**Measles**

**Canada – Highest Weekly Number of New Cases Reported by Alberta:**

According to data from the [Public Health Agency of Canada \(PHAC\)](#), as of August 16, there have been a total of 4,718 measles cases and 1 death reported in Canada during 2025. Since the previous update, 81 additional cases were reported, primarily in Alberta (47) and British Columbia (24).

Measles Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths, Canada, 2025								
Probable Cases		Confirmed Cases		Hospitalizations		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
329	+2	4,389	+79	357	+10	1	+0	0.02%

Table Notes: Data as of August 16, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; \*CFR calculated among probable and confirmed cases.

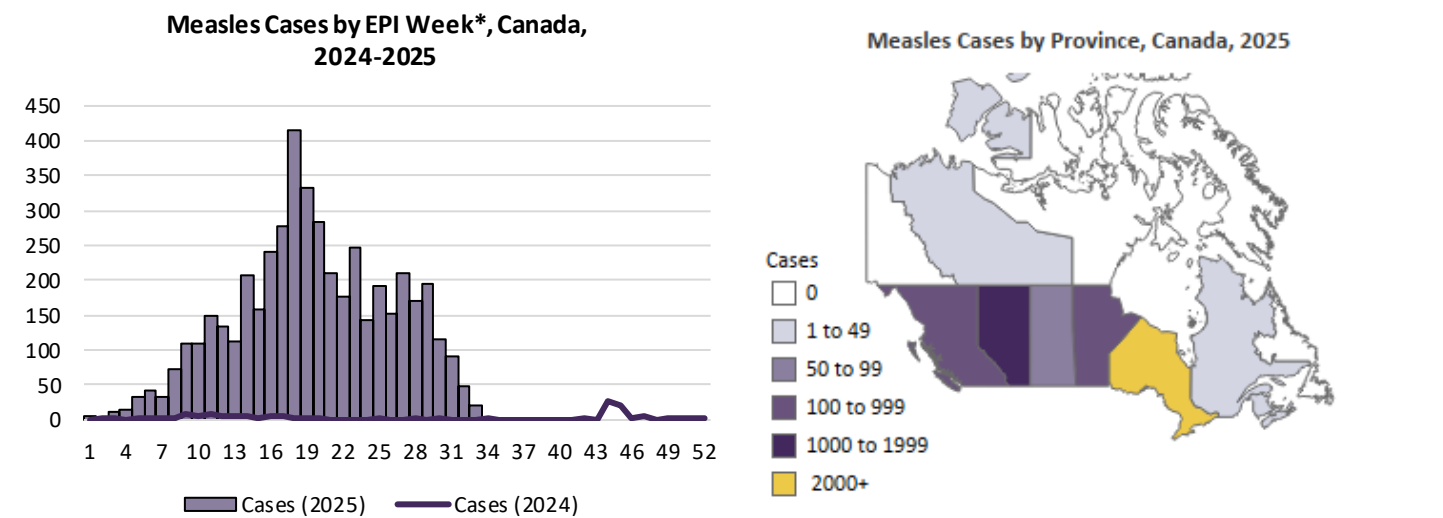


Figure Notes: Data as of August 16, 2025, and includes confirmed and probable cases; \*EPI Week of rash onset.

Cases have been reported by 10 provinces and territories, primarily Ontario (2,369) and Alberta (1,778). Those aged 5-17 years have been most affected (44%), followed by those aged 18-54 years (29%), and those aged 1-4 years (20%). Among all cases, 93% have been unvaccinated or had unknown vaccination statuses and 8% have been hospitalized. A total of 147 confirmed measles cases and 1 death were reported in Canada during 2024.

Additional Information:

- More up to date information on cases reported in Ontario is available from [Public Health Ontario](#).
- More up to date information on cases reported in Alberta is available from the [Government of Alberta](#).

Source: [PHAC \(08/25/25\)](#)

## Israel – Almost 100 New Cases Reported Since Previous Update:

According to [The Times of Isreal](#), which cites the Israeli Ministry of Health, as of August 19, there have been a total of 618 measles cases and 2 deaths reported in Israel during 2025. Since the previous update, 92 additional cases were reported.

Measles Cases, Current Hospitalizations, and Deaths, Israel, 2025								
Cases		Active Cases		Current Hospitalizations		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
618	+92	236	+27	21	+2	2	+0	0.3%

Table Notes: Data as of August 19, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; \*CFR calculated among all cases.

Cases have been reported primarily among unvaccinated populations in Jerusalem, Beit Shemesh, and Bnei Brak. A total of 236 cases are still actively infectious. Currently, 21 cases are hospitalized, all but 1 under the age of 6 years. The number of hospitalizations observed among cases has been high and mostly among unvaccinated children, with the Ministry estimating the total number of infections to be [between 950-1,700 cases](#). A total of [54 measles cases](#) were reported in Israel during 2023-2024.

Additional Information:

- During 2018-2019, Isreal experienced a large measles outbreak with approximately 4,300 cases that was linked to outbreaks in [New York excluding New York City \(242 cases\)](#), [New Jersey \(33 cases\)](#), and [New York City \(649 cases\)](#).

Sources: [The Times of Isreal \(08/19/25\)](#)

Mexico – Cases Reported in 21 Jurisdictions, Most in Chihuahua:

According to data from the [Secretary of Health of Mexico](#), as of August 27, there have been a total of 4,292 confirmed measles cases and 15 deaths reported in Mexico during 2025. Since the previous update, 106 additional confirmed cases were reported.

Measles Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths, Mexico, 2025						
Probable Cases		Confirmed Cases		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
8,456	+210	4,292	+106	15	+0	0.3%

Table Notes: Data as of August 27, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; \*CFR calculated among confirmed cases.

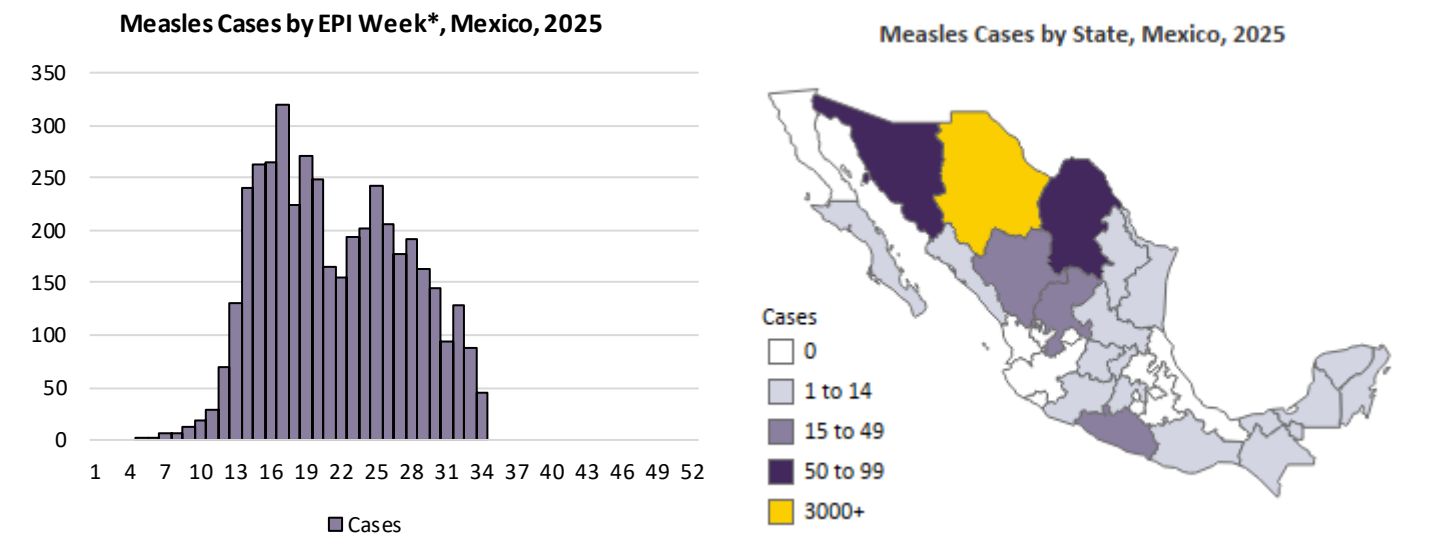


Figure Notes: Data as of August 27, 2025, and includes confirmed cases only; \*EPI Week of rash onset.

Confirmed cases have been reported by 21 states, primarily Chihuahua (3,997) and Sonora (87). Those aged 0-4 years have been most affected (1,021 cases – 9.81 per 100,000 population), followed by those aged 25-29 years (568 cases – 5.36 per 100,000 population), and those aged 30-34 years (466 cases – 4.46 per 100,000 population).

Additional Information:

- The Government of Mexico posts additional weekly updates with further detail on [Vaccine Preventable Diseases](#).

Source: [Government of Mexico \(08/27/25\)](#)

United States – Alabama Reports First Confirmed Case in 23 Years:

According to data from [CDC](#), as of August 26, there have been a total of 1,408 confirmed measles cases and 3 deaths reported in the United States during 2025. Since the previous update, 33 additional confirmed cases were reported.

Measles Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths, United States, 2025						
Confirmed Cases		Hospitalizations		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR
1,408	+33	176	+3	3	+0	0.2%

Table Notes: Data as of August 26, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; \*CFR calculated among confirmed cases.

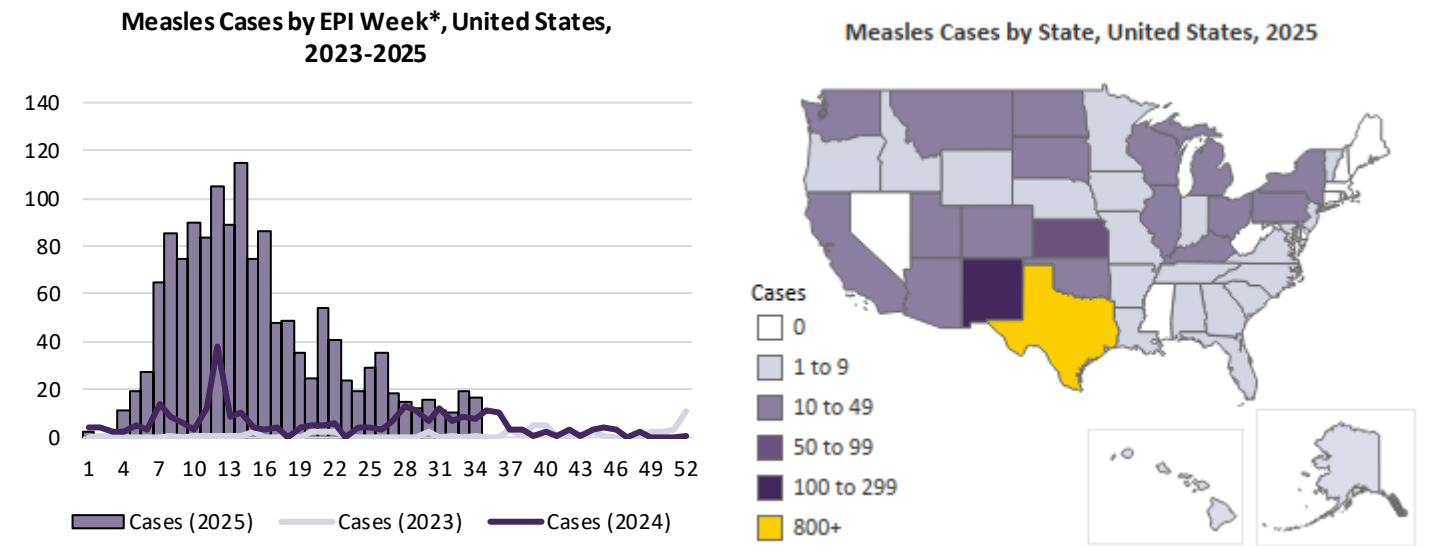


Figure Notes: Data as of August 26, 2025; \*EPI Week of rash onset; Totals for New York State and New York City are combined in figure.

Confirmed cases have been reported by 43 jurisdictions, primarily [Texas](#), [New Mexico](#), and [Kansas](#); however outbreaks in those states have subsided during recent weeks or been declared over. There have been 35 outbreaks reported – 86% of confirmed cases are outbreak-associated. Recently, measles activity has been increasing in [Wisconsin](#), and [Alabama](#) reported its first confirmed measles case in 23 years. Those aged 5-19 years have been most affected (38%), followed by those aged 20+ years (34%), and those aged under 5 years (28%). Among all confirmed cases, 92% have been unvaccinated or had unknown vaccination statuses and 13% have been hospitalized – including 21% of cases aged under 5 years. There were a total of 285 confirmed measles cases and no deaths reported in the United States during 2024.

**Additional Information:**

- There have been 9 confirmed cases in [New York City \(NYC\)](#) and 8 in [New York State \(NYS\) outside of NYC](#).
- The NYS Department of Health has issued a [Measles Travel Advisory](#) for all New Yorkers.
- The CDC currently has a [Level 1 – Practice Usual Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding measles globally.
- Real-time updates on cases and exposures are available via the [CORI Measles Outbreak Response Dashboard](#).
- The Yale School of Public Health produces highly detailed reports on [Measles Outbreaks in North America](#).
- Confirmed case totals for 2025 are the highest they have been annually since [1992 \(2,126\)](#).

Source: [CDC \(08/27/25\)](#)

Mpox

Africa – Updated Data on Public Health Emergency of International Concern:

According to data from the [World Health Organization \(WHO\)](#), as of August 17, there have been a total of 49,260 confirmed mpox cases and 187 deaths reported in Africa since the beginning of 2024. Since the previous update, 721 additional confirmed cases and 3 additional deaths were reported; the number of deaths reported in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) was reduced by 10.



Mpox Cases and Deaths by Select Countries, Africa, 2024-2025						
Geography	Clades Detected	Confirmed Cases		Deaths		
		Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
Burundi	Ib	4,340	+27	1	+0	0.0%
DRC	Ia, Ib, IIa, and IIb	28,380	+419	57	-10	0.2%
Liberia	IIa and IIb	562	+50	0	+0	0.0%
Sierra Leone	IIa and IIb	5,149	+35	52	+2	1.0%
Uganda	Ib	7,874	+10	48	+0	0.6%
Rest of Africa	Ia, Ib, IIa, and IIb	2,955	+180	29	+1	1.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>Ia, Ib, IIa, and IIb</b>	<b>49,260</b>	<b>+721</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>-7</b>	<b>0.4%</b>

Table Notes: Data as of August 17, 2025. †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; \*CFR calculated among confirmed cases.

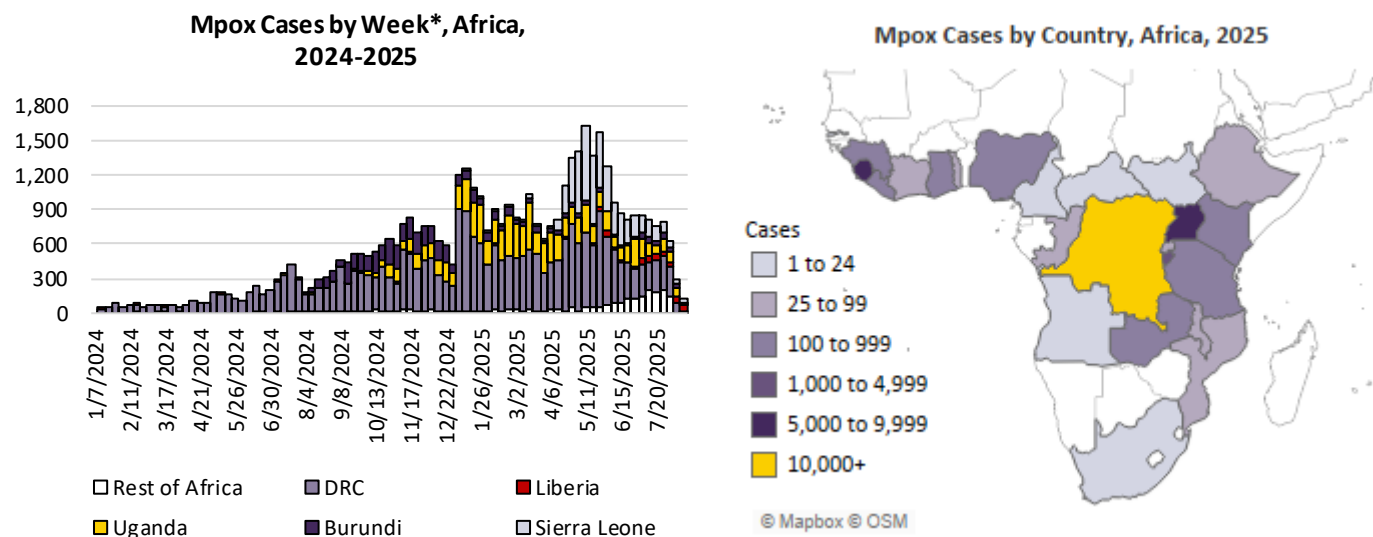


Figure Notes: Data as of August 17, 2025, and includes confirmed cases only; \*Week of notification – 2,352 cases from the DRC missing from figure.

Confirmed cases have been reported by 28 African countries since the beginning of 2024 (24 during 2025), primarily the DRC, Uganda, Burundi, and Sierra Leone. Progress in combatting the situation in many affected countries continues to be made [according to leaders from the Africa CDC](#); however, the situation in Kenya grows more worrisome.

#### Additional Information:

- In June 2025, the WHO [reaffirmed](#) that the situation constitutes a Public Health Emergency of International Concern, a designation first declared by the WHO on [August 14, 2024](#). The Africa CDC declared mpox a Public Health Emergency of Continental Security on [August 13, 2024](#).
- The CDC currently has a [Level 2 – Practice Enhanced Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding clade II mpox in Liberia and Sierra Leone.

Source: [WHO \(08/23/25\)](#)

## Global (Outside of Africa) – Travel Associated Clade Ib Case Reported in Turkey:

According to data from the [World Health Organization \(WHO\)](#), as of August 17, there have been a total of 70 travel associated and 34 secondary clade I mpox cases reported outside of Africa since the beginning of 2024. Since the previous update, 1 additional travel associated clade Ib case was reported in Turkey and 2 secondary clade I cases were reported in Qatar. Additionally, the number of travel associated clade Ib cases reported in Qatar was reduced by 2.

Travel Associated Clade I Mpox Cases, Global (Outside of Africa), 2024-2025					
Cases (Clade Ia)		Cases (Clade Ib)		Secondary Cases (Clade Ia or Ib)	
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†
4	+0	66	-1	34	+2

Table Notes: Data as of August 17, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update.

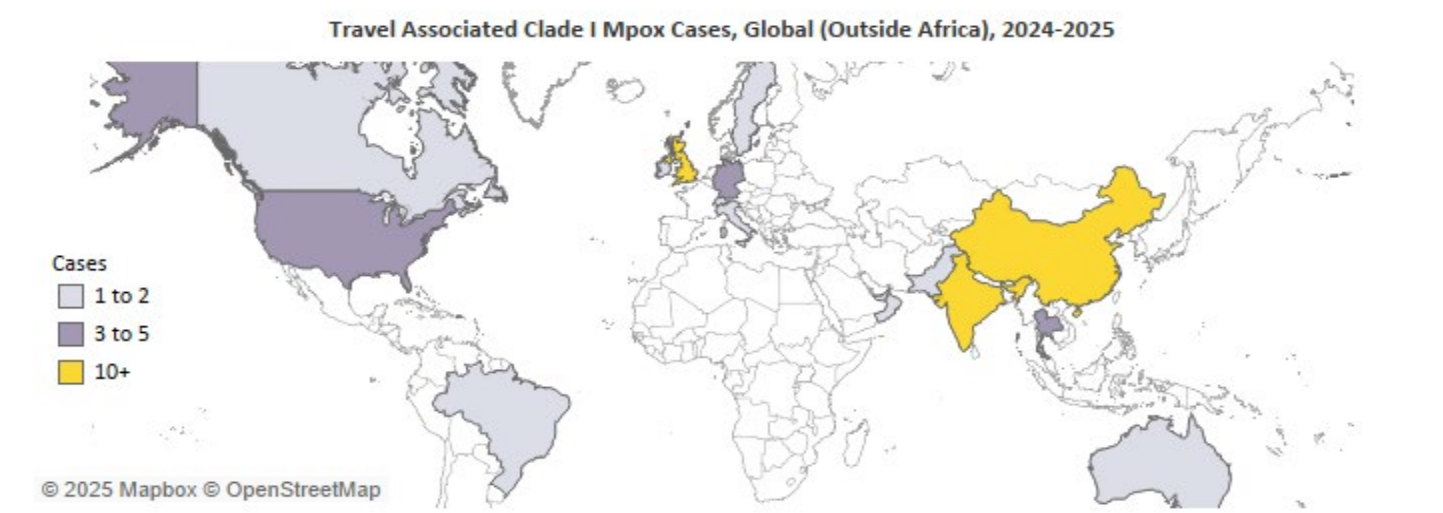


Figure Notes: Data as of August 17, 2025, and does not include secondary cases.

Travel associated cases have primarily been reported in China (11), India (10), and the United Kingdom (10). Secondary cases have primarily been reported in China (20), Germany (4), and the United Kingdom (4). Almost all travel associated cases report being exposed to clade I mpox in either Africa (68.6%) or the United Arab Emirates (25.7%).

Additional Information:

- There have been 5 confirmed travel associated cases of clade Ib mpox reported in the [United States](#), including a case in [New York State](#).

Sources: [WHO \(08/23/25\)](#)

## New World Screwworm

### United States – Travel Associated Human Case Reported in Maryland:

On August 26, 2025, the US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and the CDC reported that they had identified a travel associated human case of [New World screwworm \(NWS\)](#) among a Maryland resident that had recently returned from El Salvador, the first human case in [over 50 years](#). The USDA declared the United States free of indigenous NWS as early as 1966 following a decade of releasing irradiated sterile screwworm flies across the Southern United States. Such eradication efforts have continued southward all the way to the Darien Gap in Panama. Recently, however, there has been a [resurgence of NWS in the Americas](#), with both livestock and human cases reported in [several countries](#), including Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, and Panama. According to CDC, NWS does not regularly occur or spread in the US; however, individuals who travel to affected areas in Central or South America, or the Caribbean, with certain [risk factors](#) are at higher risk. In May, the [USDA suspended livestock imports](#) at the US-Mexico border to prevent NWS from spreading to the US. The last detection of NWS among livestock or other animals in the US occurred in the Florida Keys in 2017. HHS assesses the risk to public health in the United States from this case as very low.

Sources: [HHS \(08/26/25\)](#), [MDOH \(8/26/25\)](#), [USDA \(New World Screwworm\)](#)



## Japan – Updated Data on Largest Outbreak Since 2019:

According to data from the [Japan Institute for Health Security \(JIHS\)](#), as of August 20, there have been a total of 66,655 pertussis cases reported in Japan during 2025. Since the previous update, 2,188 additional pertussis cases were reported, of which 1,506 had symptom onset during epidemiological week 33 (a 53.1% decrease compared to the prior week). Cases have been reported in all 47 prefectures, with Tokyo (4,986), Niigata (3,342), and Saitama (3,508) reporting the highest cumulative case totals.

### Additional Information:

- This is the highest number of pertussis cases reported in Japan since [2019 \(16,845\)](#).

Sources: [NHK \(08/26/25\)](#), [JIHS \(08/26/25\)](#)

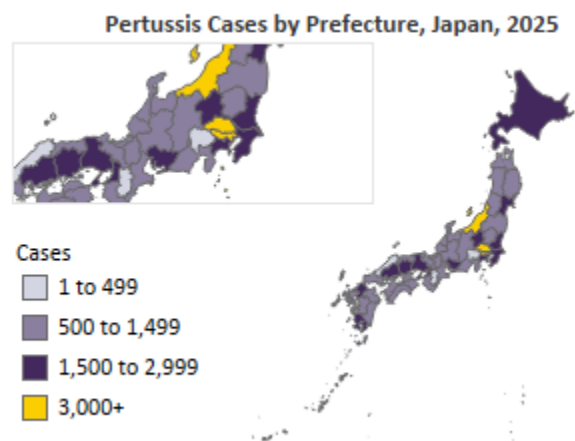


Figure Notes: Data as of August 20, 2025.

## United States – Updated Data on Cases Reported during 2025:

According to provisional data from the [CDC](#), as of August 23, there have been a total of 19,272 pertussis cases and at least [5 deaths](#) reported among United States residents and residents of United States Territories during 2025. Since the previous update, 634 additional cases were reported, of which 184 had symptom onset during epidemiological week 34, a 12.2% increase compared to epidemiological week 33 (164).

Pertussis Cases by Reporting Area with Prior Year Comparison, United States, 2025				
Reporting Area	Cases			
	Current Week	Cumulative (2025)	Cumulative (2024)	Ratio (2025/2024)
New England	0	362	957	0.4
Middle Atlantic	8	1,276	4,661	0.3
East North Central	41	3,123	2,956	1.1
West North Central	3	1,895	1,263	1.5
South Atlantic	64	2,658	1,674	1.6
East South Central	16	1,815	501	3.6
West South Central	9	1,256	759	1.7
Mountain	21	2,186	1,510	1.4
Pacific	22	4,588	3,067	1.5
United States Territories	0	113	30	3.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>19,272</b>	<b>17,378</b>	<b>1.1</b>

Table Notes: Data as of August 23, 2025; Case counts are provisional and subject to change; New York State is included in the Middle Atlantic region.

Case totals for 2025 are currently 1.1-times the total for 2024 as of the same date. According to [CDC](#), reported cases remain elevated this year with past trends suggesting that cases may increase during the summer and fall. There were a total of 35,435 pertussis cases and 10 deaths reported in the US during [2024](#), representing a return to pre-pandemic [trends](#). Recently, the [Pan American Health Organization \(PAHO\)](#) reiterated the importance of strengthening vaccination and surveillance systems in light of the resurgence of pertussis in the Americas and the emergence and spread of antibiotic-resistant strains.



Polio cases with onset of paralysis during 2025 have been reported by 16 countries. Environmental detections from samples collected during 2025 have been reported by 11 countries with no reported cases, suggesting undetected transmission. A total of 99 WPV1 cases, 11 cVDPV1 cases, 448 cVDPV2 cases, and 4 cVDPV3 cases have been reported globally with onset of paralysis during 2024.

#### **Additional Information:**

- The CDC currently has a [Level 2 – Practice Enhanced Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding polio globally.
- Additional [WPV1 cases \(2\)](#) have been reported in Pakistan, bringing their annual total to 23 cases, but are not yet included in data from GPEI as of August 25, 2025.
- The WHO recently published a [Disease Outbreak News \(DON\)](#) item regarding 9 genetically linked cVDPV1 detections in environmental samples collected in Israel from 7 sites, including Jerusalem and the Central Region, between February and July 2025. No paralytic cases have been reported; however, the ongoing detections indicate the presence of sustained community transmission.

**Sources:** [GPEI-1 \(08/25/25\)](#), [GPEI-2 \(08/25/25\)](#)

---

## Other Outbreaks, News, and Events (2025)

---

### **Other Outbreaks:**

#### **Chikungunya**

- Region of the Indian Ocean – Active Level 2 Travel Health Notice ([July 24](#))
- Réunion – 54,242 Confirmed Cases Reported, Trends Still Declining ([June 26](#))

#### **COVID-19**

- Global – Activity Increasing in Several WHO Regions ([May 29](#))

#### **Dengue**

- The Americas – Updated Data on 2025 Trends ([August 7](#))

#### **Ebola**

- Uganda – Outbreak Declared Over after 42 Days with No New Cases Identified ([May 1](#))

#### **Lassa Fever**

- Nigeria – Weekly Number of New Confirmed Cases Continues to Decline ([May 15](#))
- United Kingdom – Health Security Agency Identifying Case Contacts ([March 13](#))

#### **Listeria**

- United States – New Outbreak Linked to Fettucine Alfredo Meals Reported ([June 26](#))
- United States – Multistate Outbreak Linked to Ready-to-Eat Foods ([May 15](#))
- United States – Ongoing Multistate Outbreak Linked to Supplement Shakes ([February 27](#))

#### **Marburg**

- Tanzania – Outbreak Declared Over after 42 Days with No New Cases Identified ([March 13](#))

#### **Measles**

- Global – WHO Provides Monthly Update on Cases and Rates for 2025 ([August 21](#))

- Morocco – WHO Provides Update on Outbreak Covering all Regions ([May 15](#))
- Vietnam – Over 75,000 Suspected Cases Reported ([April 24](#))
- Europe – 2025 Case Trends Lower Compared to 2024, Driven by Romania ([April 3](#))
- Region of the Americas – PAHO Issues Updated Rapid Risk Assessment ([March 27](#))

### **Meningococcal Disease**

- Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – Many Cases Reported in Association with Travel for Umrah ([April 17](#))

### **Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS)**

- Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – WHO Issues Update on Detected Cases ([May 15](#))

### **Mpox**

- United States – WHO Reports Clade I Wastewater Detections in California ([May 1](#))
- United States – Clade I Mpox Detected in North Carolina Wastewater Samples ([April 24](#))
- United Kingdom - Confirmed Clade Ib Mpox Case Detected with No Travel Link ([April 10](#))

### **Non-Seasonal Influenza**

- Cambodia – New Human Cases Reported in Multiple Provinces ([August 7](#))
- India – New Human Case Reported (H5N1) ([July 17](#))
- Bangladesh – New Human Case Reported (H5N1) ([July 17](#))
- United States – New Livestock and Poultry Flock Detections Reported (HPAI) ([June 5](#))
- China – Imported Human Case Reported among Adult (H5N1) ([May 29](#))
- Vietnam – Human Case Reported with Encephalitis (H5N1) ([April 24](#))
- Mexico – Fatal Human Case Detected among Toddler (H5N1) ([April 10](#))
- United States – First Detection of 2024-2025 Season Reported in Iowa (H1N2v) ([February 13](#))
- United Kingdom – Confirmed Case Detected among Poultry Worker (H5N1) ([January 30](#))

### **Norovirus**

- United States – Weekly Number of Outbreaks Reported Continues to Decline ([April 17](#))

### **Oropouche**

- The Americas – Updated Data on 2025 Trends ([August 21](#))

### **Salmonella**

- United States – Update on Outbreak Linked to Backyard Poultry ([August 21](#))
- United States – Outbreak Linked to Eggs Declared Over ([July 17](#))
- United States – New Outbreak Linked to Frozen Sprouted Beans Reported ([July 17](#))
- United States – New Outbreak Linked to Pistachio Cream Reported ([June 26](#))
- United States – Update on Multistate Outbreak Linked to Whole Cucumbers ([June 5](#))
- United States – Update on Multistate Outbreak Linked to Pet Geckos ([May 29](#))
- United States and Canada – Outbreak Linked to Miniature Pastries ([February 13](#))

### **Seasonal Influenza**

- United States – Pediatric Deaths Reach 15 Year High ([May 8](#))

## Tuberculosis

- England – Increasing National Trend ([February 6](#))
- United States – Increasing National Trend ([February 6](#))

## Unknown Febrile Illness (Malaria)

- Democratic Republic of the Congo – Cause of Illness and Deaths Determined ([March 27](#))

## Yellow Fever

- The Americas – Updated Data on 2025 Trends ([August 7](#))

## Other News and Events:

- [FDA suspends license for chikungunya vaccine Ixchiq over serious safety concerns | CIDRAP](#)
- [ACIP member critical of COVID vaccines to lead review | CIDRAP](#)
- [Hepatitis A, France - BEACON](#)
- [Researchers note high burden of RSV on older US adults before vaccine availability | CIDRAP](#)
- [Veering from CDC, ACOG recommends maternal vaccination against COVID-19 | CIDRAP](#)
- [Plague, USA - BEACON](#)
- [AI tool can help identify patients who may have H5N1 avian flu, researchers say | CIDRAP](#)
- [FDA OKs updated COVID vaccines but places limits for kids, adults | CIDRAP](#)
- [Prevention and Control of Seasonal Influenza with Vaccines: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices — United States, 2025–26 Influenza Season](#)
- [Famine confirmed for first time in Gaza](#)
- [Health leaders, medical groups: CDC leader exodus puts nation's health at risk | CIDRAP](#)
- [CDC director fired after she 'refused to rubber-stamp' Kennedy's vaccine directives | CIDRAP](#)
- [CDC cuts back foodborne illness surveillance program | CIDRAP](#)
- [ACIP to review COVID, hep B, and MMRV vaccine recommendations at September meeting | CIDRAP](#)