



Date: 9/11/25

This weekly report from the New York State Department of Health presents summaries of select ongoing and emerging infectious disease outbreaks of interest to public health professionals and the public, both globally and in the United States. The Global Health Update summaries include preliminary and up-to-date data that are publicly available for these events at the time of posting. Because this report aggregates and summarizes data and information from outside sources, the quality, accuracy or completeness of that data, and the appropriateness of the methodology used, cannot be guaranteed. Please refer directly to those sources for any data questions. Because the report includes preliminary information, subsequent reports may contain updates or revisions to information in prior reports.

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Chikungunya

Europe – Weekly Reported Locally Acquired Case Numbers Continue to Increase:

According to data from [Public Health France](#), as of September 8, there have been a total of 382 locally acquired chikungunya cases reported during 2025. Since the previous update, 81 additional locally acquired cases were reported. According to data from the [Higher Institute of Health in Italy](#) extracted on September 9, there have been a total of 167 locally acquired chikungunya cases reported during 2025. Since the previous update, 60 additional locally acquired cases were reported.

Chikungunya Cases and Deaths by Country, Europe, 2025							
Country	Locally Acquired Cases		Travel Associated Cases		Deaths		
	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
France	382	+81	966	+9	0	+0	0.0%
Italy	167	+60	41	+2	0	+0	0.0%

Table Notes: Data for France as of September 8, 2025; Data for Italy extracted on September 9, 2025.

Cases have been reported in 8 regions of France, primarily Provence-Alpes-Côte d’Azur (194), Nouvelle-Aquitaine (76), and Occitanie (45). There have been a total of 38 episodes of local transmission (clusters), 28 of which are still active. Cases have been reported in 2 regions of Italy, Emilia-Romagna (137) and Veneto (30). There have been a total of 4

episodes of local transmission, 3 of which are still active. The number of weekly reported cases has been increasing in both countries since mid-August with increased cluster sizes and broader geographic spread compared to prior years.

Additional Information:

- According to the [European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control \(ECDC\)](#), Europe is experiencing longer and more intense transmission seasons for mosquito-borne diseases, including chikungunya, primarily driven by climactic and environmental factors.
- As of August 31, 2025, a total of [54,507 confirmed chikungunya cases](#) have been reported from the French overseas department of Réunion.
- The New York State Department of Health recently issued a [Health Advisory](#) regarding chikungunya.

Chikungunya Cases by Region, France and Italy, 2025

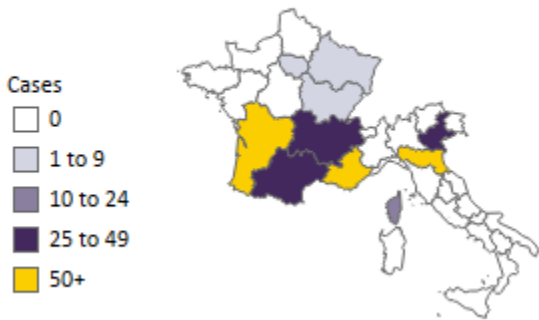


Figure Notes: Data for France as of September 8, 2025; Data for Italy extracted on September 9, 2025.

Sources: [SPF \(9/8/25\)](#), [ISS \(9/9/25\)](#), [BEACON \(09/07/25\)](#)

China – Weekly Reported Locally Acquired Case Numbers Continue to Decline:

According to data from the [Guangdong Provincial Center for Disease Control and Prevention \(GPCDC\)](#), as of September 6, there have been a total of 10,672 locally acquired chikungunya cases reported in Guangdong Province during 2025. During the week of August 31 – September 6, 2025, there were 178 additional locally acquired cases reported (a 20.9 % decrease compared to the prior week).

Chikungunya Cases and Deaths, China, 2025						
Cases		Severe Cases		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
10,672	+178	0	+0	0	+0	0.0%

Table Notes: Data as of September 6, 2025, and includes locally acquired cases only.

Chikungunya Cases by City, Guangdong Province, China, August 31 - September 6, 2025

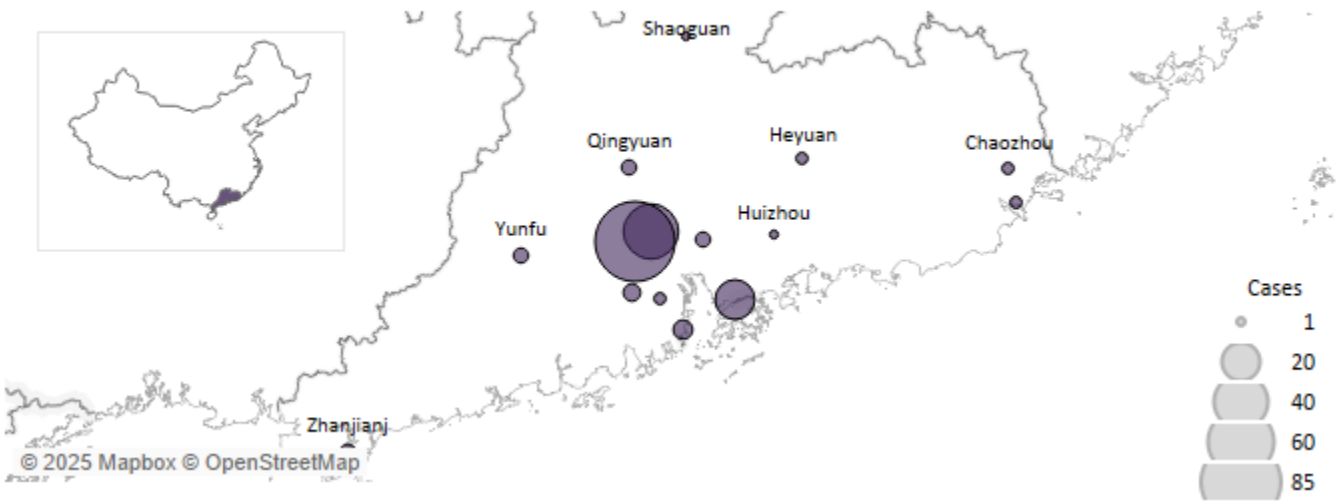


Figure Notes: Data as of September 6, 2025, and includes locally acquired cases only.

Since July 20, 2025, locally acquired cases have been reported by 21 prefecture-level cities in Guangdong Province, primarily [Foshan](#) (90.1% of cases), followed by Guangzhou (4.8%), and Zhanjiang (1.1%). According to data from GPCDC,

weekly reported case totals have decreased for 6 consecutive weeks. Health officials have stated that the epidemic situation is generally stable; however, prevention and control efforts cannot be relaxed.

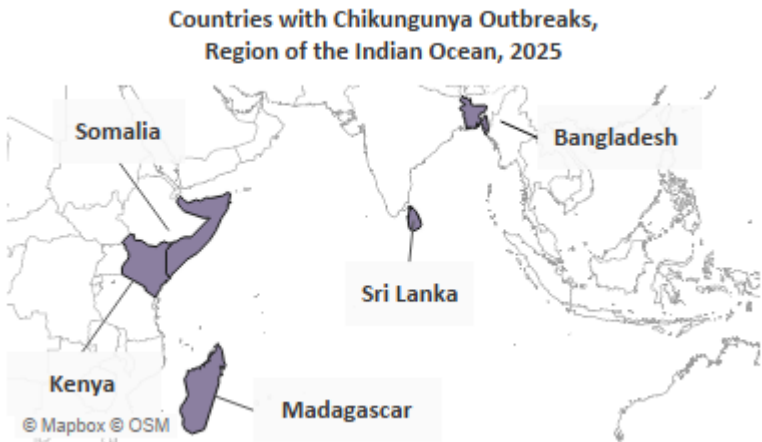
Additional Information:

- The CDC currently has a [Level 2 – Practice Enhanced Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding chikungunya in China, specifically in Guangdong Province and Foshan city.
- [Hong Kong](#) has reported a total of 10 travel associated chikungunya cases with travel history to Mainland China.
- The New York State Department of Health recently issued a [Health Advisory](#) regarding chikungunya.

Sources: [GPCDC \(09/07/25\)](#)

Region of the Indian Ocean – CDC Updates Active Level 2 Travel Health Notice:

Since the previous update, the CDC updated their [Level 2 – Practice Enhanced Precautions](#) Travel Health Notice to include Bangladesh in the list of countries currently experiencing outbreaks. Countries in the Region of the Indian Ocean currently experiencing chikungunya outbreaks now include [Kenya](#) (614 suspected cases, of which 97 are confirmed, reported as of August 3, 2025), Madagascar, Somalia, [Sri Lanka](#), and [Bangladesh](#) (732 suspected cases, of which 400 are confirmed, reported as of September 2, 2025).



Additional Information:

- The New York State Department of Health recently issued a [Health Advisory](#) regarding chikungunya.

Sources: [CDC \(9/5/2025\)](#)

Ebola

Democratic Republic of the Congo – Confirmed Cases Triple Since Prior Update:

According to data from the [Africa CDC](#), as of September 8, there have been a total of 68 suspected Ebola (*Orthoebolavirus zairense*) cases, of which 20 are confirmed, and 15 deaths, including 4 healthcare workers, reported in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) since the outbreak was first declared on September 4, 2025. Since the previous update, 40 additional suspected cases, of which 15 are confirmed, and 1 death were reported.

Ebola Cases and Deaths, Democratic Republic of Congo, 2025						
Suspected Cases		Confirmed Cases		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
68	+40	20	+15	16	+1	23.5%

Table Notes: Data as of September 8, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; *CFR calculated among suspected cases.

Suspected cases have been reported in the Bulape (61), Mweka (4), Mushenge (2), and Dekese (1) health zones of Kasai province in the DRC (confirmed cases have only been reported in the Bulape and Mweka health zones). Kasai province is a remote area with limited transportation networks which poses a challenge for responders traveling to the area. A total of 401 contacts have been identified for follow-up, of which 398 are currently being monitored. Unsafe burials and population movement to other health zones have posed challenges in responding to the outbreak. Several rapid intervention teams have been [deployed](#), including teams from the World Health Organization (WHO) and the United States CDC, and [2,000](#)

[vaccine doses](#) have been made available to vaccinate contacts and frontline healthcare workers – 68 frontline workers have been vaccinated. The [index case](#) of the outbreak was a 34-year-old pregnant woman who died from her infection on August 25, 2025. Two healthcare workers who cared for the index case patient also developed symptoms of Ebola and died. There are currently 9 cases receiving care, 4 of which are in critical condition.

Additional Information:

- The CDC currently has a [Level 1 – Practice Usual Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding Ebola in the DRC.
- This is the 16th Ebola outbreak in the DRC since 1976. Whole genome sequencing (WGS) has determined that this outbreak is not linked to previous outbreaks in the province (2007 and 2008-2009), representing a [new zoonotic spillover event](#).

Ebola Affected Provinces, Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), 2025



Source: [WHO \(09/04/25\)](#), [CDC \(09/11/25\)](#), [BEACON \(09/08/25\)](#), [Africa CDC \(09/11/25\)](#)

Measles

Global – WHO Provides Monthly Update on Cases and Rates for 2025:

According to data submitted to the [World Health Organization \(WHO\)](#) by member states, as of September 9, the top 10 countries reporting the highest number of confirmed measles cases during 2025 include: Yemen (25,035), Pakistan (16,009), India (13,416), Nigeria (12,262), Afghanistan (8,459), Kyrgyzstan (8,374), Indonesia (6,337), Russia (5,238), Ethiopia (5,066), and Mexico (4,353). The top 10 countries with the highest cumulative incidence rates per 1 million population during 2025 include: Kyrgyzstan (1,721.9), Yemen (899.0), Mongolia (506.2), Romania (324.7), Tajikistan (315.4), Afghanistan (289.4), Georgia (204.5), Kazakhstan (177.2), Lao People's Democratic Republic (165.6), and Canada (157.8).

Measles Incidence by Country, Global, 2025

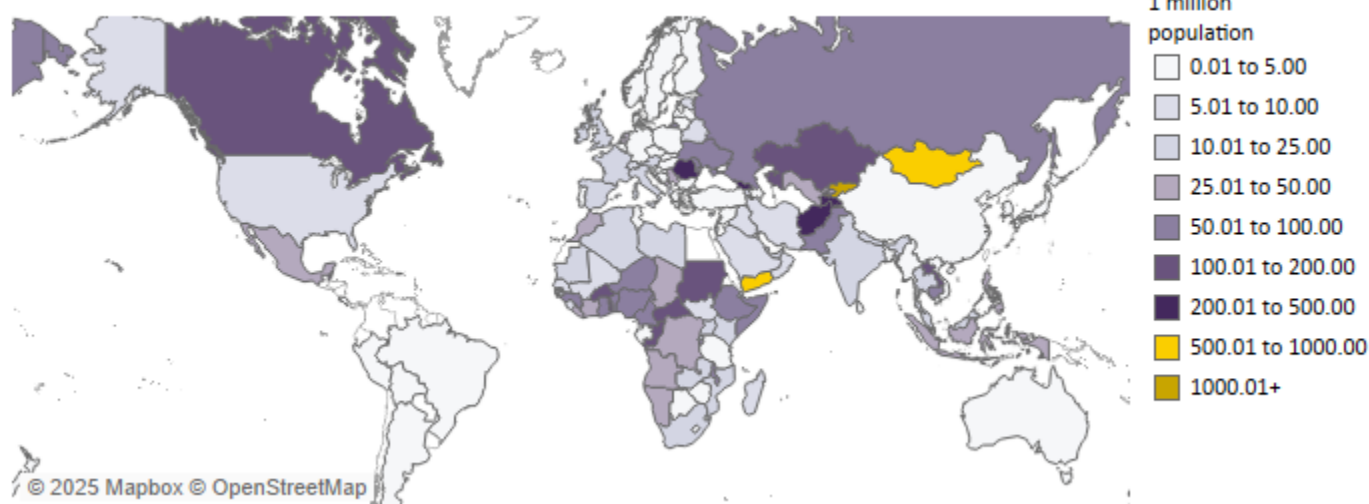


Figure Notes: Data as of September 9, 2025.

Additional Information:

- The CDC currently has a [Level 1 – Practice Usual Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding measles globally.
- According to the Pan American Health Organization (PAHO) there has been a [34-fold increase](#) in reported measles cases during 2025 in the Americas compared to the same period in 2024 (as of August 8).

Source: [WHO \(9/9/25\)](#)

Canada – British Columbia Reports Highest Number of Additional Cases:

According to data from the [Public Health Agency of Canada \(PHAC\)](#), as of August 30, there have been a total of 4,849 measles cases and 1 death reported in Canada during 2025. Since the previous update, 50 additional cases were reported in British Columbia (23), Alberta (18), and Manitoba (9).

Measles Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths, Canada, 2025								
Probable Cases		Confirmed Cases		Hospitalizations		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
352	+5	4,849	+45	364	+1	1	+0	0.02%

Table Notes: Data as of August 30, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; *CFR calculated among probable and confirmed cases.

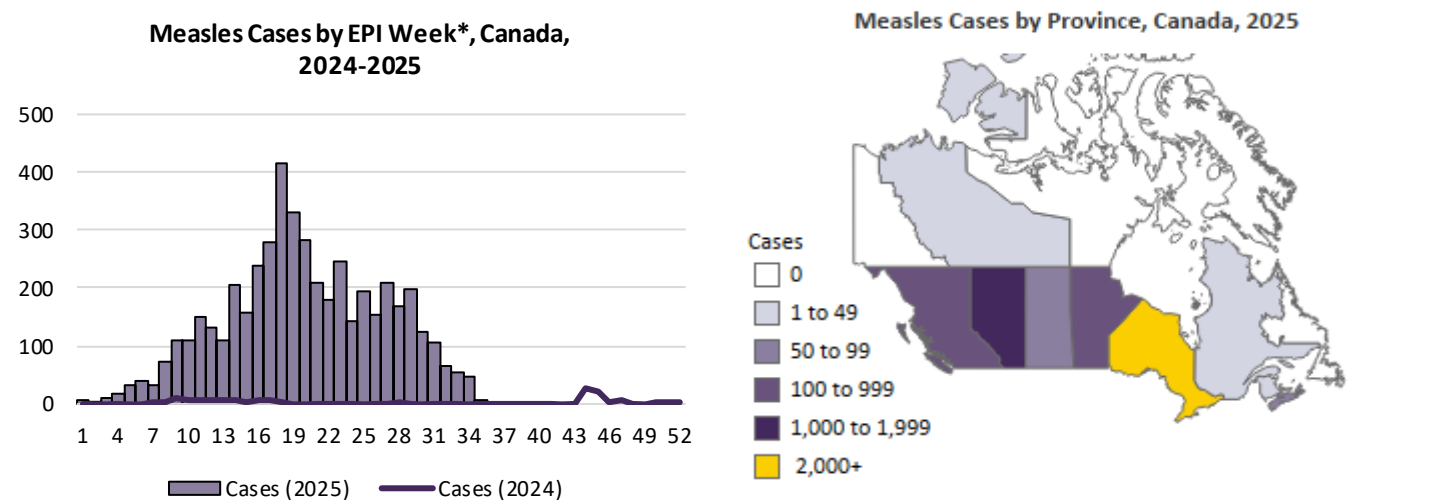


Figure Notes: Data as of August 30, 2025, and includes confirmed and probable cases; *EPI Week of rash onset.

Cases have been reported by 10 provinces and territories this year, primarily Ontario (2,377), Alberta (1,825), British Columbia (256), and Manitoba (207). Those aged 5-17 years have been most affected (44%), followed by those aged 18-54 years (29%), and those aged 1-4 years (20%). Among all cases, 93% have been unvaccinated or had unknown vaccination statuses and 8% have been hospitalized. A total of 147 confirmed measles cases and 1 death were reported in Canada during 2024.

Additional Information:

- More detailed and up to date information on cases reported at the provincial and territorial level is available for [Alberta](#), [British Columbia](#), [Manitoba](#), [Ontario](#), and [Saskatchewan](#).

Source: [PHAC \(9/8/25\)](#)

Mexico – Cases Reported in 23 Jurisdictions, Most in Chihuahua:

According to data from the [Secretary of Health of Mexico](#), as of September 11, there have been a total of 4,532 confirmed measles cases and 19 deaths reported in Mexico during 2025. Since the previous update, 132 additional confirmed cases and 2 deaths were reported. Confirmed cases were reported in Chihuahua (115), Guerrero (12), Sinaloa (1), Sonora (1), and Tabasco (1), and for the first time in Jalisco (1) and México (1). Both deaths were reported in Chihuahua.

Measles Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths, Mexico, 2025						
Probable Cases		Confirmed Cases		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
9,554	+864	4,532	+132	19	+2	0.4%

Table Notes: Data as of September 10, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; *CFR calculated among confirmed cases.

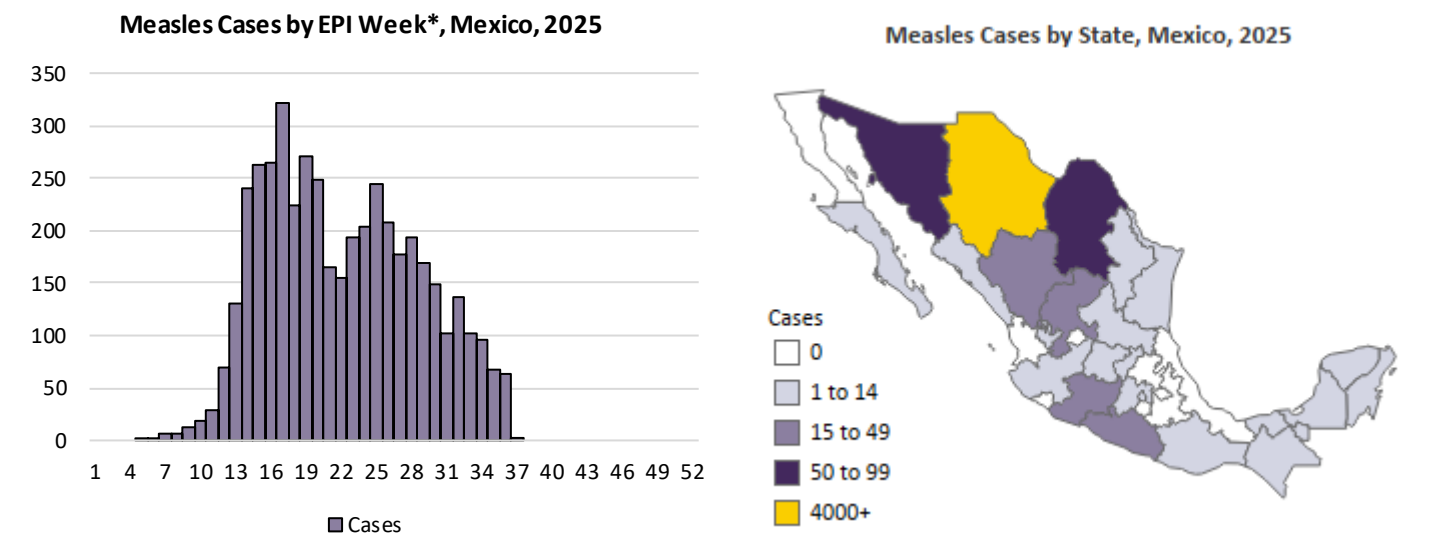


Figure Notes: Data as of September 11, 2025, and includes confirmed cases only; *EPI Week of rash onset.

Confirmed cases have been reported by 23 states during 2025, primarily Chihuahua (4,211) and Sonora (88). Those aged 0-4 years have been most affected (1,100 cases – 10.57 per 100,000 population), followed by those aged 25-29 years (586 cases – 5.53 per 100,000 population), and those aged 30-34 years (481 cases – 4.61 per 100,000 population).

Additional Information:

- The Government of Mexico posts additional weekly updates with further detail on [Vaccine Preventable Diseases](#).

Source: [Government of Mexico \(9/11/25\)](#)

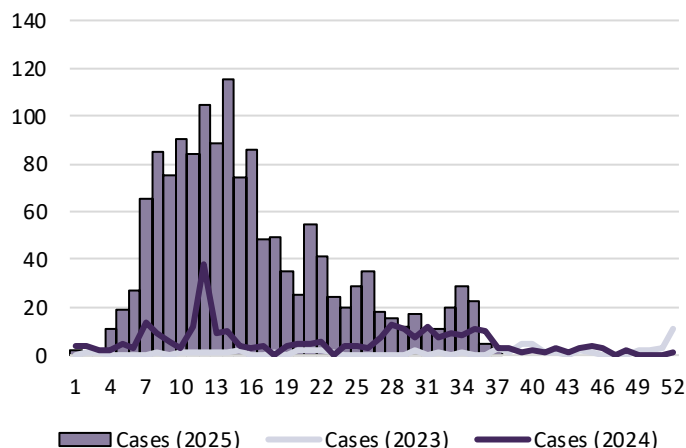
United States – Updated Data on Cases Reported During 2025:

According to data from the [CDC](#), as of September 9, there have been a total of 1,454 confirmed measles cases and 4 deaths reported in the United States during 2025. Since the previous update, 23 additional confirmed cases and [1 additional death](#) were reported.

Measles Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths, United States, 2025						
Confirmed Cases		Hospitalizations		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
1,454	+23	180	+2	4	+1	0.3%

Table Notes: Data from CDC as of September 9, 2025 - death reported by Los Angeles County Public Health not yet included in CDC count; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; *CFR calculated among confirmed cases.

Measles Cases by EPI Week*, United States, 2023-2025



Measles Cases by State, United States, 2025

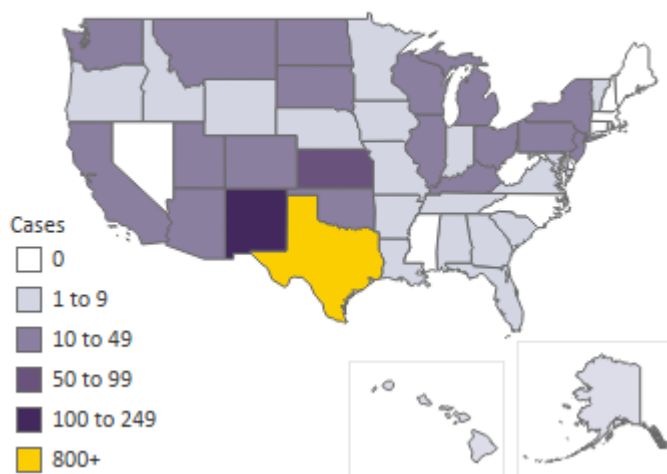


Figure Notes: Data as of September 9, 2025; *EPI Week of rash onset; Totals for New York State and New York City are combined in figure.

Confirmed cases have been reported by 42 jurisdictions, primarily [Texas](#), [New Mexico](#), and [Kansas](#); however, outbreaks in those states have subsided or been declared over. There have been 37 outbreaks reported – 86% of confirmed cases are outbreak-associated. Recently, [Arizona](#) has been experiencing an outbreak and an outbreak was reported in [Utah](#) in connection with a large event held in August. Those aged 5-19 years have been most affected (38%), followed by those aged 20+ years (34%), and those aged under 5 years (28%). Among all confirmed cases, 92% have been unvaccinated or had unknown vaccination statuses and 12% have been hospitalized – including 21% of cases aged under 5 years. There were a total of 285 confirmed measles cases and no deaths reported in the United States during 2024.

Additional Information:

- There have been 12 confirmed cases in [New York City \(NYC\)](#) and 8 in [New York State \(NYS\) outside of NYC](#).
- The NYS Department of Health has issued a [Measles Travel Advisory](#) for all New Yorkers.
- The CDC currently has a [Level 1 – Practice Usual Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding measles globally.
- Real-time updates on cases and exposures are available via the [CORI Measles Outbreak Response Dashboard](#).
- The Yale School of Public Health produces highly detailed reports on [Measles Outbreaks in North America](#).
- Confirmed case totals for 2025 are the highest they have been annually since [1992 \(2,126\)](#).

Source: [CDC \(9/10/25\)](#)

Mpox

Africa – WHO Ends Public Health Emergency of International Concern:

According to data from the [World Health Organization \(WHO\)](#), as of August 31, there have been a total of 50,850 confirmed mpox cases and 206 deaths reported in Africa since the beginning of 2024. Since the previous update, 993 additional confirmed cases and 18 additional deaths were reported.

Mpox Cases and Deaths by Select Countries, Africa, 2024-2025						
Geography	Clades Detected	Confirmed Cases		Deaths		
		Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
Burundi	Ib	4,405	+21	1	+0	0.0%
DRC	Ia, Ib, IIa, and IIb	29,093	+517	68	+10	0.2%
Liberia	IIa and IIb	692	+92	1	+1	0.0%
Sierra Leone	IIa and IIb	5,245	+48	56	+4	1.0%

Uganda	Ib	7,986	+81	50	+2	0.6%
Rest of Africa	Ia, Ib, IIa, and IIb	3,429	+234	30	+1	1.0%
Total	Ia, Ib, IIa, and IIb	50,850	+993	206	+18	0.4%

Table Notes: Data as of August 31, 2025. †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; *CFR calculated among confirmed cases.

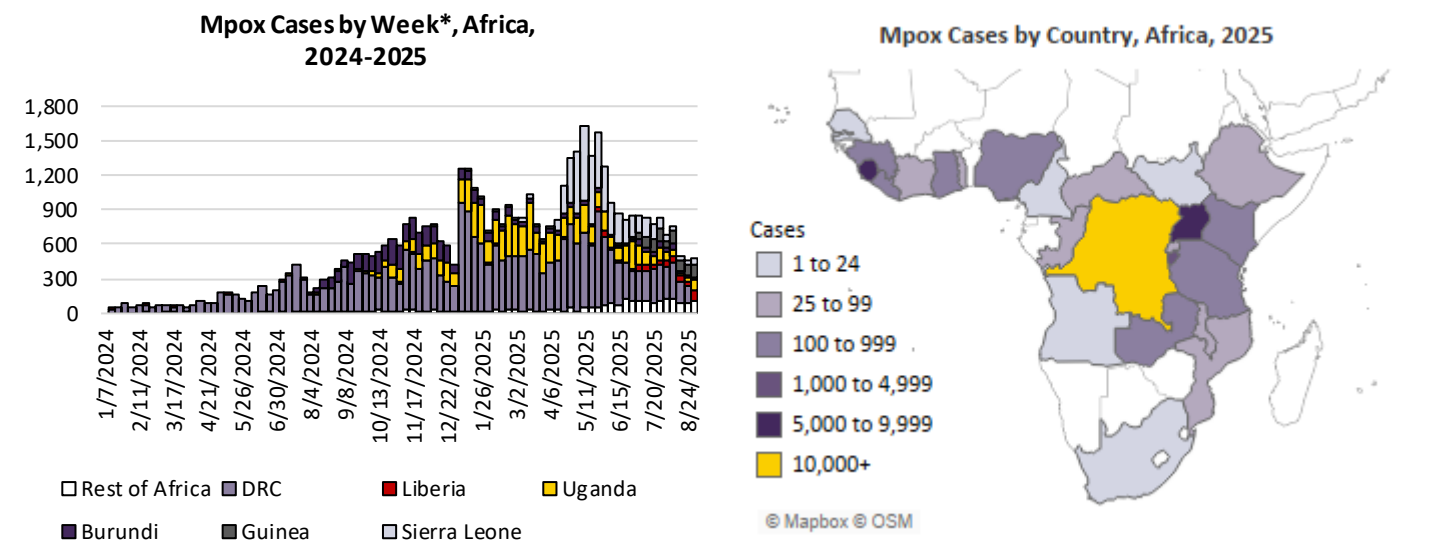


Figure Notes: Data as of August 31, 2025, and includes confirmed cases only; *Week of notification – 2,352 cases from the DRC missing from figure.

Confirmed cases have been reported by 29 African countries since the beginning of 2024 (25 during 2025), primarily the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), Uganda, Sierra Leone, and Burundi. On September 5, 2025, the [WHO determined](#) that the situation no longer represents a Public Health Emergency of International Concern (PHEIC) based on sustained declines in cases and deaths reported in the DRC, Uganda, Sierra Leone, Burundi, and other affected countries. While the WHO decided to end the PHEIC designation, the [Africa CDC determined](#) that the situation still constitutes a Public Health Emergency of Continental Security (PHECS) citing surges in cases that have emerged in [Ghana](#), Liberia, Kenya, Zambia, and Tanzania, as well as new introductions of the virus into previously unaffected countries such as Malawi, Ethiopia, Senegal, Togo, The Gambia, and Mozambique.

Additional Information:

- The CDC currently has a [Level 2 – Practice Enhanced Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding clade II mpox in Liberia and Sierra Leone.

Source: [WHO \(08/31/25\)](#)

Global (Outside of Africa) – Travel Associated Clade Ib Case Reported in Türkiye:

According to data from the [World Health Organization \(WHO\)](#), as of August 31, there have been a total of 74 travel associated and 34 secondary clade I mpox cases reported outside of Africa since the beginning of 2024. Since the previous update, 1 additional travel associated clade Ib case was reported in Türkiye among an individual exposed in Thailand.

Travel Associated Clade I Mpox Cases, Global (Outside of Africa), 2024-2025					
Cases (Clade Ia)		Cases (Clade Ib)		Secondary Cases (Clade Ia or Ib)	
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†
4	+0	70	+1	34	+0

Table Notes: Data as of August 31, 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update.

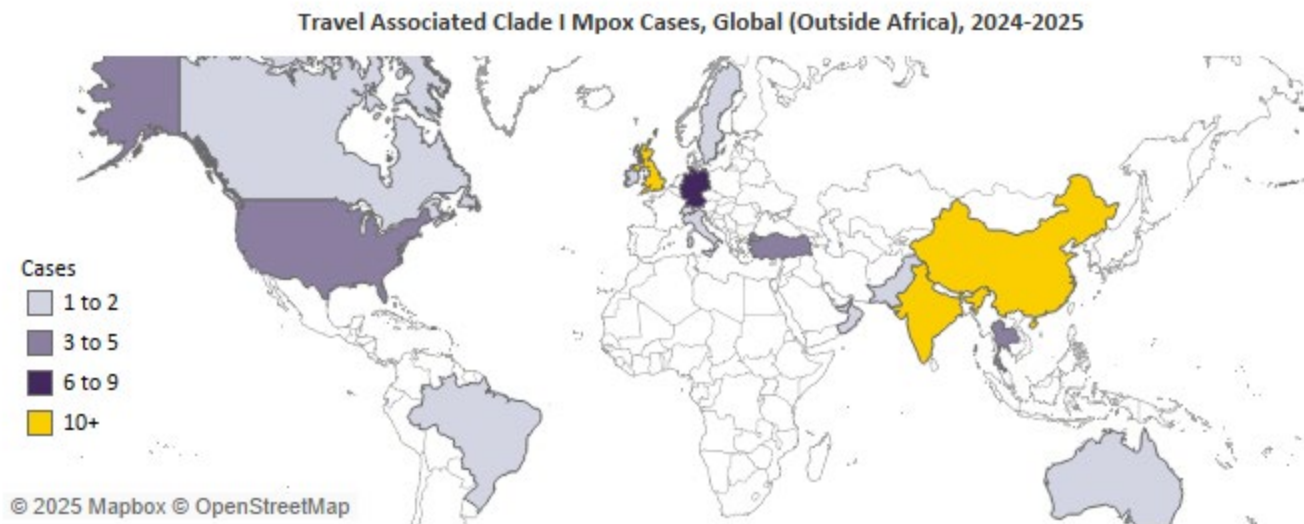


Figure Notes: Data as of August 31, 2025, and does not include secondary cases.

Travel associated cases have primarily been reported in China (11), India (10), and the United Kingdom (11). Secondary cases have primarily been reported in China (20), Germany (4), and the United Kingdom (4). Almost all travel associated cases report being exposed to clade I mpox in either Africa (67.6%) or the United Arab Emirates (25.7%).

Additional Information:

- There have been 5 confirmed travel associated cases of clade Ib mpox reported in the [United States](#), including a case in [New York State](#).

Sources: [WHO \(08/31/25\)](#)

Non seasonal Influenza

China – Several Human Cases Reported in Multiple Provinces (H9N2):

According to data from the [Hong Kong Centre for Health Protection \(HKCHP\)](#), as of September 8, there have been a total of 19 human H9N2 cases reported in China in the past 6 months, none of which have been fatal. Since the previous update, 4 additional human H9N2 cases were reported in Anhui (1), Sichuan (1), and Hunan (1) Provinces, and in Chongqing (1) Municipality, among children aged 1-6 years with symptom onset dates during late July and August. Information on the source of exposure for these cases was not provided. H9N2 is known to circulate in poultry in China with sporadic cases reported among humans, primarily children. Infections are typically mild; however, some are severe.

Source: [HKCHP \(07/22/25\)](#), [CIDRAP \(09/09/25\)](#)

Oropouche

The Americas – Updated Travel Health Notice from CDC:

According to data from the [Pan American Health Organization \(PAHO\)](#) extracted on September 9, there have been a total of 16,459 suspected Oropouche cases, of which 12,765 are confirmed, and 6 deaths reported in the Americas during 2025. Since the previous update, 61 additional suspected cases, all of which are confirmed, were reported.

Oropouche Cases and Deaths, the Americas, 2025						
Suspected Cases		Confirmed Cases		Deaths		
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	CFR*
16,459	+61	12,765	+61	6	+0	0.05%

Table Notes: Data extracted on September 9, 2025, and only includes locally acquired cases; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update; *CFR calculated among confirmed cases.

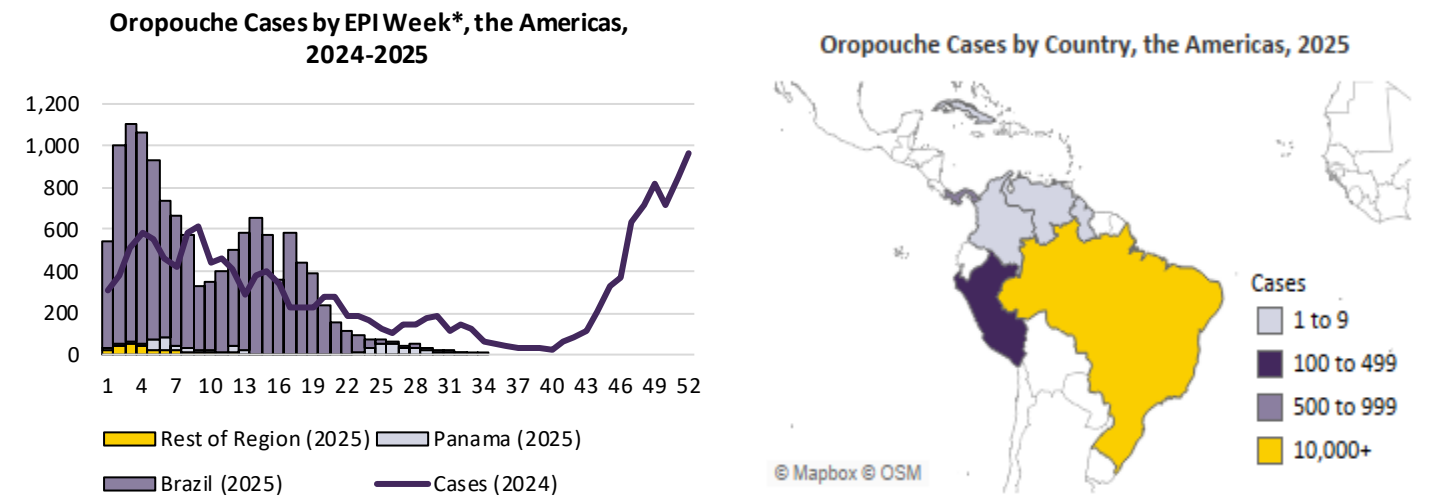


Figure Notes: Data extracted on September 9, 2025, and includes confirmed locally acquired cases only.

Confirmed locally acquired cases have been reported by 7 countries in the Americas, primarily Brazil (11,952), Panama (525), and Peru (233). Travel associated cases have been reported this year in Canada (1), Uruguay (4), Chile (1), and the [United States \(1\)](#). On September 10, 2025, the CDC updated their Travel Health Notice for the Americas, downgrading the Level 2 Travel Health Notice previously posted for Brazil and Panama. There were a total of 39,893 Oropouche cases, of which 16,260 were confirmed, and 4 deaths (CFR: 0.02%) reported in the Americas during 2024.

Additional Information:

- The PAHO recently released an [Epidemiological Alert](#) regarding Oropouche in the Americas noting the risk of the virus spreading to new areas with susceptible populations.
- The CDC currently has a [Level 1 – Practice Usual Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding Oropouche in the Americas, including Brazil, Cuba, Panama, and Peru.

Source: [PAHO \(9/9/25\)](#)

Pertussis

United States – Case Numbers for 2025 On Pace with Case Numbers for 2024:

According to provisional data from the [CDC](#), as of September 9, there have been a total of 20,129 pertussis cases and at least [5 deaths](#) reported among United States residents and residents of United States Territories during 2025. Since the previous update, 441 additional cases were reported, of which 110 had symptom onset during epidemiological week 36, a 29.9% decrease compared to epidemiological week 35 (157).

Pertussis Cases by Reporting Area with Prior Year Comparison, United States, 2025				
Reporting Area	Cases			
	Current Week	Cumulative (2025)	Cumulative (2024)	Ratio (2025/2024)
New England	4	408	1,084	0.4
Middle Atlantic	8	1,346	5,007	0.3
East North Central	21	3,257	3,401	1.0
West North Central	1	1,919	1,473	1.3
South Atlantic	12	2,877	1,833	1.6
East South Central	8	1,873	537	3.5
West South Central	18	1,307	921	1.4
Mountain	23	2,236	1,675	1.3
Pacific	15	4,778	3,371	1.4
United States Territories	0	128	35	3.7
Total	110	20,129	19,337	1.0

Table Notes: Data as of September 9, 2025; Case counts are provisional and subject to change; New York State is included in the Middle Atlantic region.

Case totals for 2025 are currently 1.0-times the total for 2024 as of the same date, although they were much higher during the beginning of the year. According to [CDC](#), reported cases remain elevated this year with past trends suggesting that cases may increase during the summer and fall. There were a total of 35,435 pertussis cases and 10 deaths reported in the US during [2024](#), representing a return to pre-pandemic [trends](#).

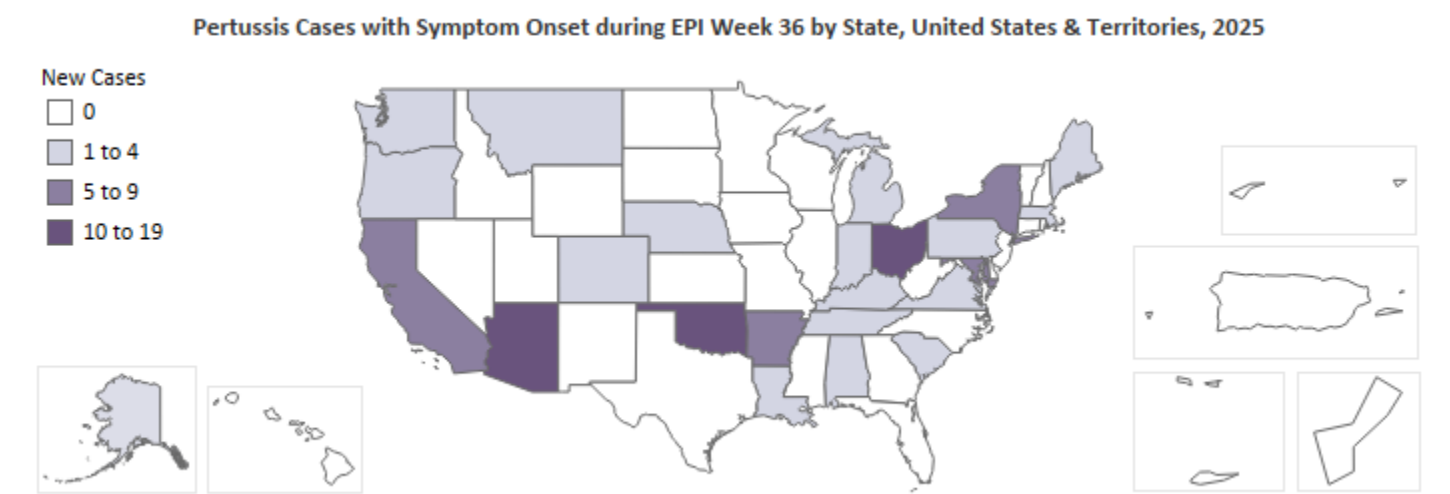


Figure Notes: Data as of September 6, 2025; New York State and New York City are combined in figure.

Additional Information:

- The [Pan American Health Organization \(PAHO\)](#) recently reiterated the importance of strengthening vaccination and surveillance systems in light of the resurgence of pertussis in the Americas and the emergence and spread of antibiotic-resistant strains.

Sources: [CDC \(9/10/25\)](#), [CDC \(06/11/25\)](#)

Japan – Weekly Reported Cases Decrease in Largest Outbreak Since 2019:

According to data from the [Japan Institute for Health Security \(JIHS\)](#), as of August 30, there have been a total of 72,448 pertussis cases reported in Japan during 2025. Since the previous update, 2,651 additional pertussis cases were reported, of which 2,258 had symptom onset during epidemiological week 35 (an 18.3% decrease compared to the prior week). Cases have been reported in all 47 prefectures, with Tokyo (5,846), Niigata (3,496) and Saitama (3,857) reporting the highest cumulative case totals. During the most recent week, Tokyo (200), Kanagawa (155), and Saitama (143), reported the highest number of new cases.

Additional Information:

- This is the highest number of pertussis cases reported in Japan since [2019 \(16,845\)](#).

Sources: [NHK \(9/8/25\)](#), [JIHS \(08/30/25\)](#)

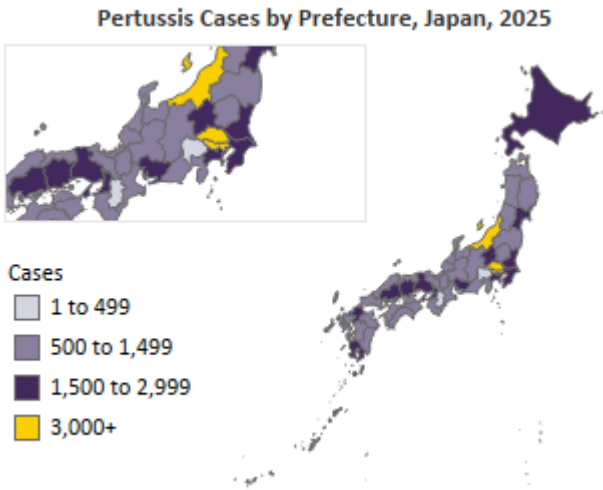


Figure Notes: Data as of August 30, 2025.

Polio

Global – Additional cVDPV2 and cVDPV3 Cases Reported in Multiple Countries:

According to data from the [Global Polio Eradication Initiative \(GPEI\)](#), as of September 8, there have been a total of 28 wild poliovirus type 1 (WPV1) cases, 1 circulating vaccine-derived poliovirus type 1 (cVDPV1) case, 136 circulating vaccine-derived poliovirus type 2 (cVDPV2) cases, and 5 circulating vaccine-derived poliovirus type 3 (cVDPV3) cases with onset of paralysis during 2025 reported this year. Since the previous update, 7 additional cVDPV2 cases were reported in Chad (2), Nigeria (4), and Somalia (1), and 1 additional cVDPV3 case was reported in Chad.

Paralytic Polio Cases, Global, 2025							
WPV1		cVDPV1		cVDPV2		cVDPV3	
Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†	Total	Change†
28	+0	1	+0	136	+7	5	+1

Table Notes: Data as of September 8, 2025, and only includes cases with onset of paralysis during 2025; †Change in cumulative total compared to prior update.

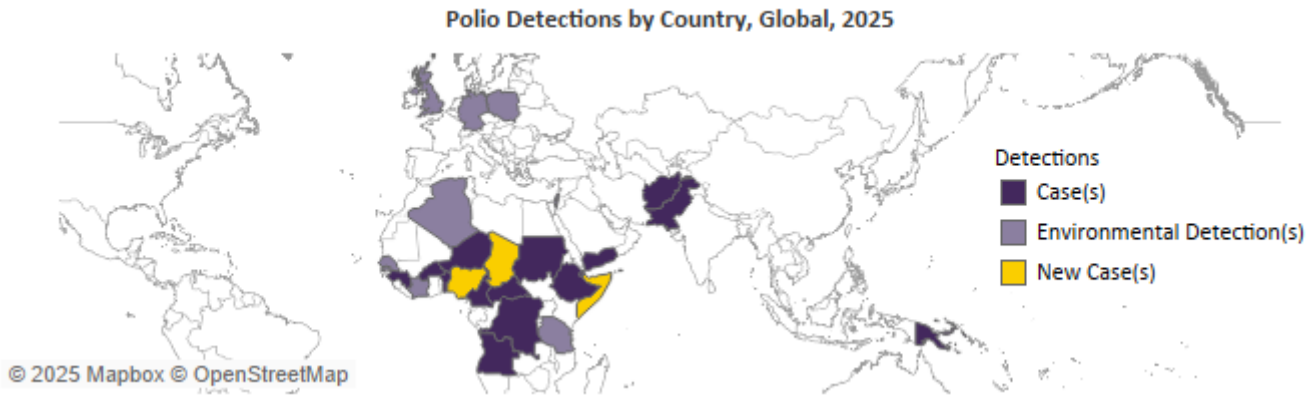


Figure Notes: Data as of September 8, 2025, and only includes cases with onset of paralysis or environmental detection samples collected during 2025.

WPV1 cases with onset of paralysis during 2025 have been reported by Afghanistan (4) and Pakistan (24). cVDPV2 cases with onset of paralysis during 2025 have been reported by 13 countries, primarily Ethiopia (40), Yemen (29), Nigeria (28), and Chad (18). cVDPV3 cases with onset of paralysis during 2025 have been reported by Chad (2), Guinea (2), and Papua New Guinea (1). Environmental detections from samples collected during 2025 have been reported by 9 countries with no reported cases, suggesting undetected transmission, including several genetically linked cVDPV1 detections in [Israel](#). A total of 99 WPV1 cases, 11 cVDPV1 cases, 448 cVDPV2 cases, and 4 cVDPV3 cases have been reported globally with onset of paralysis during 2024.

Additional Information:

- The CDC currently has a [Level 2 – Practice Enhanced Precautions](#) travel notice posted regarding polio globally.
- According to the [GPEI](#), wild poliovirus is endemic in two countries (Afghanistan and Pakistan) with outbreaks of variant polioviruses occurring in 38 countries.

Sources: [GPEI-1 \(9/8/25\)](#), [GPEI-2 \(9/8/25\)](#)

Salmonella

United States – New Multistate Outbreak Linked to Home Delivery Meals:

According to data from the [CDC](#), as of September 5, there have been a total of 16 cases infected with the outbreak strain of *Salmonella* Enteritidis linked to certain home delivery meals made by Metabolic Meals.

Salmonella Outbreak Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths, United States, 2025			
Cases	Hospitalizations*	Deaths	
Total	Total	Total	CFR
16	7	0	0.0%

Figure Notes: Data as of September 9, 2025; *Among 15 people with information available.

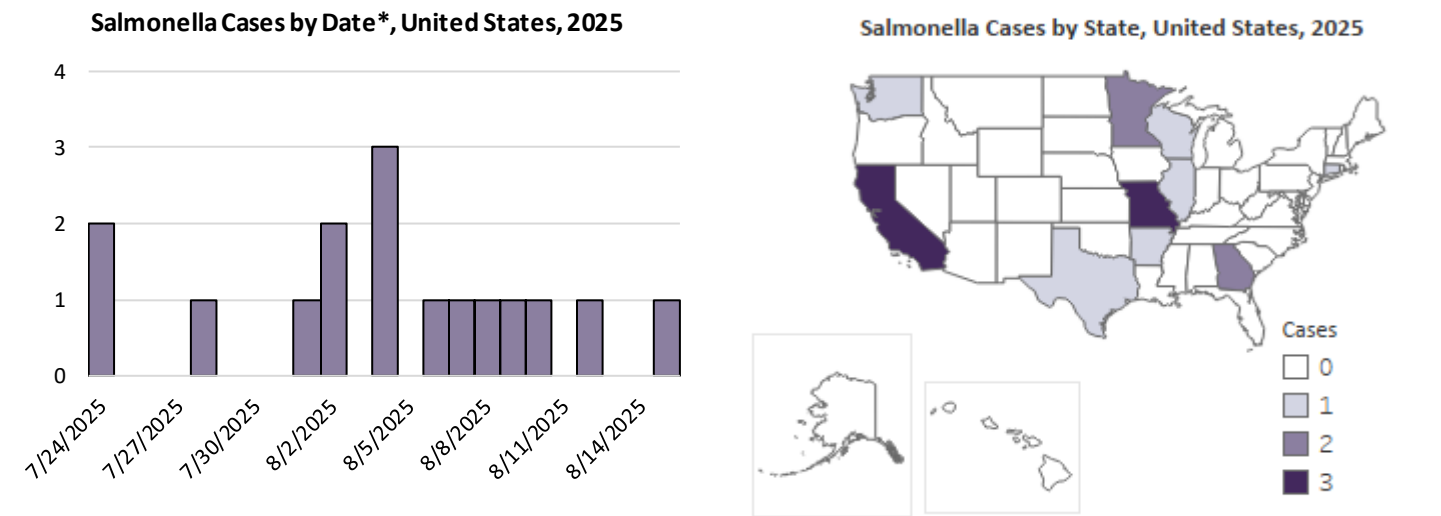


Figure Notes: Data as of September 9, 2025; *Date of illness onset.

Cases have been reported by 10 states, primarily California (3) and Missouri (3), and reported dates of illness onset ranging from July 24, 2025 – August 15, 2025. Cases range from 0-96 years of age with a median age of 56 years. Among interviewed cases (12), 83% reported eating a Metabolic Meals prepared menu item. Select meals delivered during the week of July 28, 2025, have been implicated in this outbreak. Metabolic Meals has contacted customers who directly purchased meals with affected lot codes to inform them of the outbreak.

Source: [CDC \(9/5/25\)](#)

Other Outbreaks:

Chikungunya

- The Americas – Updated Data on Cases Reported During 2025 ([September 4](#))
- Réunion – 54,242 Confirmed Cases Reported, Trends Still Declining ([June 26](#))

COVID-19

- Global – Activity Increasing in Several WHO Regions ([May 29](#))

Dengue

- The Americas – Updated Data on 2025 Trends ([August 7](#))

Ebola

- Uganda – Outbreak Declared Over after 42 Days with No New Cases Identified ([May 1](#))

Lassa Fever

- Nigeria – Weekly Number of New Confirmed Cases Continues to Decline ([May 15](#))
- United Kingdom – Health Security Agency Identifying Case Contacts ([March 13](#))

Listeria

- United States – New Outbreak Linked to Fettucine Alfredo Meals Reported ([June 26](#))
- United States – Multistate Outbreak Linked to Ready-to-Eat Foods ([May 15](#))
- United States – Ongoing Multistate Outbreak Linked to Supplement Shakes ([February 27](#))

Marburg

- Tanzania – Outbreak Declared Over after 42 Days with No New Cases Identified ([March 13](#))

Measles

- Israel – Over 150 Additional Cases Reported Since Previous Update ([September 4](#))
- Morocco – WHO Provides Update on Outbreak Covering all Regions ([May 15](#))
- Vietnam – Over 75,000 Suspected Cases Reported ([April 24](#))
- Europe – 2025 Case Trends Lower Compared to 2024, Driven by Romania ([April 3](#))
- Region of the Americas – PAHO Issues Updated Rapid Risk Assessment ([March 27](#))

Meningococcal Disease

- Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – Many Cases Reported in Association with Travel for Umrah ([April 17](#))

Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS)

- Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – WHO Issues Update on Detected Cases ([May 15](#))

Mpox

- United States – WHO Reports Clade I Wastewater Detections in California ([May 1](#))
- United States – Clade I Mpox Detected in North Carolina Wastewater Samples ([April 24](#))
- United Kingdom - Confirmed Clade Ib Mpox Case Detected with No Travel Link ([April 10](#))

Non-Seasonal Influenza

- Cambodia – New Human Cases Reported in Multiple Provinces ([August 7](#))
- India – New Human Case Reported (H5N1) ([July 17](#))
- Bangladesh – New Human Case Reported (H5N1) ([July 17](#))
- United States – New Livestock and Poultry Flock Detections Reported (HPAI) ([June 5](#))
- China – Imported Human Case Reported among Adult (H5N1) ([May 29](#))
- Vietnam – Human Case Reported with Encephalitis (H5N1) ([April 24](#))
- Mexico – Fatal Human Case Detected among Toddler (H5N1) ([April 10](#))
- United States – First Detection of 2024-2025 Season Reported in Iowa (H1N2v) ([February 13](#))
- United Kingdom – Confirmed Case Detected among Poultry Worker (H5N1) ([January 30](#))

New World Screwworm

- United States – Travel Associated Human Case Reported in Maryland ([August 28](#))

Norovirus

- United States – Weekly Number of Outbreaks Reported Continues to Decline ([April 17](#))

Salmonella

- United States – Update on Outbreak Linked to Backyard Poultry ([August 21](#))
- United States – Outbreak Linked to Eggs Declared Over ([July 17](#))
- United States – New Outbreak Linked to Frozen Sprouted Beans Reported ([July 17](#))
- United States – New Outbreak Linked to Pistachio Cream Reported ([June 26](#))
- United States – Update on Multistate Outbreak Linked to Whole Cucumbers ([June 5](#))
- United States – Update on Multistate Outbreak Linked to Pet Geckos ([May 29](#))
- United States and Canada – Outbreak Linked to Miniature Pastries ([February 13](#))

Seasonal Influenza

- United States – Pediatric Deaths Reach 15 Year High ([May 8](#))

Tuberculosis

- England – Increasing National Trend ([February 6](#))
- United States – Increasing National Trend ([February 6](#))

Unknown Febrile Illness (Malaria)

- Democratic Republic of the Congo – Cause of Illness and Deaths Determined ([March 27](#))

Yellow Fever

- The Americas – Updated Data on 2025 Trends ([August 7](#))

Other News and Events:

- [NYS Governor Kathy Hochul - No. 52: Declaring a Disaster in the State of New York Due to Federal Actions Related to Vaccine Access](#)
- [COVID-19 Guidance Repository | Department of Health](#)
- [FDA warns of H5N1 avian flu detection in raw cat food | CIDRAP](#)
- [Three states take steps to ensure COVID vaccine access | CIDRAP](#)

- [Minnesota, New York issue executive orders promoting access to COVID vaccines | CIDRAP](#)
- [Senate committee to probe CDC shake-up; New Jersey eases COVID vaccine access | CIDRAP](#)
- [Everything You Need to Know About Flu Shots This Fall | The Transmission | University of Nebraska Medical Center](#)
- [CDC says avian flu may infect the gut, though risk is low | CIDRAP](#)